# Structural Calculations 

For

## Cascade Public Library 105 N Front St

Cascade (100), Idaho

PE Job \#: 2023-14473



## Design Criteria

Governing Code:
2018 IBC

| Snow Criteria |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Roof Snow Load ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{f}}$ ) | 100 psf |
| Ground Load ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{g}}$ ) | 100 psf |
| Exposure Factor ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ) | 1.0 |
| Thermal Factor ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}$ ) | 1.0 |
| Importance ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ) | 1.0 |

## Seismic Criteria



Live Loads


Roof Dead Loads:

| Deck | 1.5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation | 2.0 |
| Roofing | 3.0 |
| Joist | 2.5 |
| Ceiling | 3.0 |
| Misc | 4.5 |
| TOTAL | 17 p |

Exterior Wall Dead Loads:

| Studs | 2.0 |
| ---: | :---: |
| Siding | 2.5 |
| Insulation | 0.5 |
| Gyp. Board | 2.5 |
| Sheating | 1.5 |
| Misc | 3.0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 2 ~ p s f}$ |



| Wall <br> Material | Design Base Shear | Seismic Response Coefficient, R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OSB | .07Wp | 6.5 |
| GYP | .23Wp | 2 |
| e-Inf. CMU | .23Wp | 2 |
|  |  |  |

## Soil Bearing

|  | Typical |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | 1500 psf |
|  | 24 |

Floor Dead Loads:


Interior Wall Dead Loads:


## OSB Seismic Loading Analysis

$$
\begin{array}{rlr}
\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{s}}= & 0.493 & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=0.020 \\
\mathrm{~S}_{1}= & 0.152 & \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{n}}=10.00 \mathrm{ft} \\
\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{a}}= & 1.4 & \\
\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{V}}= & 2.2 & \\
\mathrm{R}= & 6.5 & \\
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}= & 1.0 & \\
& \\
\mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{MS}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{s}}= & 0.6927 \\
\mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{V}} \mathrm{~S}_{1}= & 0.3332 & \\
\mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}}=2 / 3 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{MS}}= & 0.4618 & \text { Seismic Design Category } \\
\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1}=2 / 3 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}= & 0.2221 & \mathrm{D} \\
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} /\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}\right)= & 0.0710 & \\
\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{n}}^{3 / 4}= & 0.1125 & \text { Controls } \\
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}<\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1} /\left[\left(\mathrm{R} / I_{\mathrm{E}}\right) \mathrm{T}\right]= & 0.3038 & \\
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}>0.044 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}= & 0.0203 & \\
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}>0.5 \mathrm{~S}_{1} /\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}\right)= & 0.0117 \\
\mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{~W}= & 0.0710 \mathrm{~W} \\
0.7 * \mathrm{~V}= & 0.0497 \mathrm{~W}
\end{array}
$$

## OSB Seismic Component Loading

| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1 | psf | weight of element |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Portion of seismic shear load at the level of the diaphragm, required to be transferred to the components of the vertical seismic-force-resisting system beacause of the offsets or changes in the stiffness of the vertical |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{px}}=$ | 0 | plf | components above of below the diaphragm. |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 12 | psf | weight of wall |
| $L_{b}=$ | 51 | ft | length of the building |

NOTE: Use 1 for unit weight to achieve an answer per element unit weight

## Connections

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.133 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}= & \mathbf{0 . 0 6} & \mathrm{psf} \\
\text { or } & & \\
\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.05 \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}= & \mathbf{0 . 0 5} & \mathrm{psf}
\end{array}
$$

## Diaphragm

$$
\begin{array}{rlll}
\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}} & =0.2 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{px}}= & \mathbf{0 . 0 9} & \mathrm{psf} \\
\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{p}, \text { max }} & =0.4 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{px}}= & \mathbf{0 . 1 8} & \mathrm{psf}
\end{array}
$$

## Bearing Walls \& Shear Walls

Out of Plane Forces

$$
\begin{align*}
& F_{p}=0.40 I_{E} S_{D S} w_{w}= \\
& F_{p}=0.10 w_{w}=
\end{align*}
$$

$$
2.21
$$

psf Controls
psf
12.11 .1
12.11 .1

## Anchorage

$$
\begin{array}{lccl}
\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.40 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}} \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{a}}= & 3.3 & \mathrm{psf} & \\
\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.2 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}= & 3.6060 & \mathrm{psf} & \text { Controls } \\
\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{a}}=1.0+\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{b}} / 100= & 1.5050 & & \\
\end{array}
$$

Note: 12.11.2.2.2 The strength design forces for steel elements of the structural wall anchorage system, with exception of anchor bolts and reinforcing steel, shall be increased by 1.4 times the forces otherwise noted above.

## Re-Inf. CMU Seismic Loading Analysis

| $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{s}}=$ | 0.493 | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=0.020$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{S}_{1}=$ | 0.152 | $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{n}}=10.00$ | ft |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}=$ | 1.4 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}=$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}=$ | 2.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}=$ | 1.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\text {MS }}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{S}_{\text {s }}=$ | 0.6927 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{V}} \mathrm{S}_{1}=$ | 0.3332 |  |  |
|  |  | Seismic Design Category |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}}=2 / 3 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{ms}}=$ | 0.4618 | c |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1}=2 / 3 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=$ | 0.2221 | D |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} /\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}\right)=$ | 0.2309 | Controls |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{h}^{314}=$ | 0.1125 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}<\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1} /[(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{E}) \mathrm{T}]=$ | 0.9875 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}>0.044 \mathrm{~S}_{\text {DS }} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{E}}=$ | 0.0203 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}>0.5 \mathrm{~S}_{1} /(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{E})=$ | 0.0380 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{W}=$ | 0.2309 W |  |  |
| $0.7 * V=$ | 0.1616 W |  |  |

## Re-Inf. CMU Seismic Component Loading

| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1 | psf | weight of element |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{px}}=$ | 0 | plf | Portion of seismic shear load at the level of the diaphragm, required to be transferred to the components of the vertical seismic-force-resisting system beacause of the offsets or changes in the stiffness of the vertical components above of below the diaphragm. |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 12 | psf | weight of wall |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{b}}=$ | 51 | ft | length of the building |

NOTE: Use 1 for unit weight to achieve an answer per element unit weight
Connections

| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=$$0.133 \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ <br> or | $\mathbf{0 . 0 6}$ | psf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.05 \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0 5}$ | psf |

Diaphragm

$$
\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.2 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{p}}+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{px}}=0.09 \quad \mathrm{psf}
$$

Bearing Walls \& Shear Walls
Out of Plane Forces

| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.40 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2 1}$ | psf | Controls | 12.11 .1 |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.10 \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 1.20 | psf |  | 12.11 .1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $12.11-1$ |
| $\mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.40 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}} \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{a}}=$ | 3.3 | psf |  |  |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=0.2 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 3.6060 | psf | Controls | $12.11-2$ |

Note: 12.11.2.2.2 The strength design forces for steel elements of the structural wall anchorage system, with exception of anchor bolts and reinforcing steel, shall be increased by 1.4 times the forces otherwise noted above.

## WIND LOADING ANALYSIS - Main Wind-Force Resisting System <br> Per ASCE 7-16 Code for Enclosed or Partially Enclosed Buildings <br> Using Part 1 of ASCE Chapter 28 for Low-Rise Buildings (Envelope Procedure)



Check Criteria for a Low-Rise Building:
(Section 26.2)

1. Is $h<=60$ ' ?

Yes, O.K.
2. Is $h<=$ Lesser of $L$ or $B$ ?

Yes, O.K.
External Pressure Coeff's., GCpf (Fig. 28.3-1):
(For values, see following wind load tabulations.)
Positive \& Negative Internal Pressure Coefficients, GCpi (Table 26.13-1):

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { +GCpi Coef. }= & 0.18 \\
\text {-GCpi Coef. }= & \text { (positive internal pressure) } \\
-0.18 & \text { (negative internal pressure) }
\end{array}
$$

If $\mathrm{h}<15$ then: $\mathrm{Kh}=2.01^{*}(15 / \mathrm{zg})^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha)$ (Table 26.10-1, Footnote 1)
If $h>=15$ then: $\mathrm{Kh}=2.01^{*}(\mathrm{z} / \mathrm{zg})^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha) \quad$ (Table 26.10-1, Footnote 1)

| $\alpha=$ | 9.50 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{zg}=$ | 900 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| Kh = | 0.85 | (Kh = Kz evaluated at $z=h$ ) |

Velocity Pressure: $q z=0.00256^{*} K z^{*} K z t^{*} K d^{*} V^{\wedge} 2$ (Sect. 26.10.2, Eq. 26.10-1)

$$
\mathrm{qh}=24.43 \mathrm{psf} \quad \mathrm{qh}=0.00256^{*} \mathrm{Kh}^{*} \mathrm{Kzt}^{*} \mathrm{Kd}^{*} \mathrm{~V}^{\wedge} 2 \text { ( } \mathrm{qz} \text { evaluated at } \mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h} \text { ) }
$$

Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 28.3.1):
p = qh*[(GCpf) - (+/-GCpi)] (psf, Eq. 28.3-1)
Wall and Roof End Zone Widths 'a' and '2*a' (Fig. 28.3-1):

| $a$ | $=3.00$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $2^{*} \mathrm{at}$. |  |
|  | $=6.00$ |
| ft. |  |


| MWFRS Wind Load for Load Case A |  |  |  | MWFRS Wind Load for Load Case B |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Surface | GCpf | p = Net Pressures (psf) |  | Surface | *GCpf | p = Net Pressures (psf) |  |
|  |  | (w/ +GCpi) | (w/ -GCpi) |  |  | (w/ +GCpi) | (w/ -GCpi) |
| Zone 1 | 0.41 | 5.52 | 14.32 | Zone 1 | -0.45 | -15.39 | -6.60 |
| Zone 2 | -0.69 | -21.25 | -12.46 | Zone 2 | -0.69 | -21.25 | -12.46 |
| Zone 3 | -0.38 | -13.56 | -4.77 | Zone 3 | -0.37 | -13.44 | -4.64 |
| Zone 4 | -0.30 | -11.64 | -2.85 | Zone 4 | -0.45 | -15.39 | -6.60 |
| Zone 5 | --- | --- | --- | Zone 5 | 0.40 | 5.37 | 14.17 |
| Zone 6 | --- | --- | --- | Zone 6 | -0.29 | -11.48 | -2.69 |
| Zone 1E | 0.62 | 10.72 | 19.52 | Zone 1E | -0.48 | -16.12 | -7.33 |
| Zone 2E | -1.07 | -30.54 | -21.74 | Zone 2E | -1.07 | -30.54 | -21.74 |
| Zone 3E | -0.54 | -17.53 | -8.74 | Zone 3E | -0.53 | -17.34 | -8.55 |
| Zone 4E | -0.44 | -15.14 | -6.35 | Zone 4E | -0.48 | -16.12 | -7.33 |
| Zone 5E | --- | --- | --- | Zone 5E | 0.61 | 10.50 | 19.30 |
| Zone 6E | --- | --- | --- | Zone 6E | -0.43 | -14.90 | -6.11 |

*Note: Use roof angle $\theta=0$ degrees for Longitudinal Direction.
For Case A when GCpf is neg. in Zones $2 / 2 \mathrm{E}$ :
For Case B when GCpf is neg. in Zones 2/2E:
Zones 2/2E dist. = 10.00 ft. (Fig. 28.3-1)
Zones 2/2E dist. $=22.50$ ft. (Fig. 28.3-1) Remainder of roof Zones 2/2E extending to ridge line shall use roof Zones 3/3E pressure coefficients.

| MWFRS Wind Load for Load Case A, Torsional Case |  |  |  | MWFRS Wind Load for Case B, Torsional Case |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Surface | GCpf | $\mathrm{p}=$ Net Pressure (psf) |  | Surface | GCpf | p = Net Pressure (psf) |  |
|  |  | (w/ +GCpi) | (w/ -GCpi) |  |  | (w/ +GCpi) | (w/-GCpi) |
| Zone 1T | --- | 1.38 | 3.58 | Zone 1T | --- | -3.85 | -1.65 |
| Zone 2T | --- | -5.31 | -3.11 | Zone 2T | --- | -5.31 | -3.11 |
| Zone 3T | --- | -3.39 | -1.19 | Zone 3T | --- | -3.36 | -1.16 |
| Zone 4T | --- | -2.91 | -0.71 | Zone 4T | --- | -3.85 | -1.65 |
| Zone 5T | --- | --- | --- | Zone 5T | --- | 1.34 | 3.54 |
| Zone 6T | --- | --- | --- | Zone 6T | --- | -2.87 | -0.67 |

Notes: 1. For Load Case A (Transverse), Load Case B (Longitudinal), and Torsional Cases:
Zone 1 is windward wall for interior zone. Zone 1E is windward wall for end zone.
Zone 2 is windward roof for interior zone.
Zone 3 is leeward roof for interior zone.
Zone 4 is leeward wall for interior zone.
Zones 5 and 6 are sidewalls.
Zone 1T is windward wall for torsional case
Zone 3T is leeward roof for torsional case
Zone 2E is windward roof for end zone.
Zone 3E is leeward roof for end zone.
Zone 4E is leeward wall for end zone.
Zone $5 E \& 6 E$ is sidewalls for end zone.
Zone 2T is windward roof for torsional case.
Zone 4T is leeward wall for torsional case.
Zones 5T and 6T are sidewalls for torsional case.
2. (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward \& away from respective surfaces.
3. Building must be designed for all wind directions using the 8 load cases shown below. The load cases are applied to each building corner in turn as the reference corner.
4. Wind loads for torsional cases are $25 \%$ of respective transverse or longitudinal zone load values.

Torsional loading shall apply to all 8 basic load cases applied at each reference corner.
Exception: One-story buildings with "h" <= 30', buildings <= 2 stories framed with light frame construction, and buildings <=2 stories designed with flexible diaphragms need not be designed for torsional load cases.
5. Per Code Section 28.3.4, the minimum wind load for MWFRS shall not be less than 16 psf. for wall pressure and 8psf for roof pressure


Load Case B



# WIND LOADING ANALYSIS - Wall Components and Cladding 

Per ASCE 7-16 Code for Buildings of Any Height
Using Part 1 \& 3: Analytical Procedure (Section 30.3 \& 30.5)

## Input Data:

| Wind Speed V = | 115 | mph (Wind Map, Figure 26.5-1A-C) <br> (Table 1.5-1 Risk Category) <br> (Sect. 26.7) <br> ft. (hr >= he) <br> ft. (he <= hr) <br> ft. (Normal to Building Ridge) <br> ft . (Parallel to Building Ridge) <br> (Gable or Monoslope) <br> (Sect. 26.8.2 \& Figure 26.8-1) <br> (Table 26.6-1) <br> (Sect. 26.2) <br> (Girt, Siding, Wall, or Fastener) <br> ft.^2 (Area Tributary to C\&C) <br> Span Length * Length/3 (Sec 26.2) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g. Clas | II |  |  |
| posure Catego | C |  |  |
| Ridge Height, hr | 10 |  |  |
| Eave Height, h | 9 |  |  |
| Building Widt | 20 |  |  |
| Building Length | 50.5 |  |  |
| Roof Typ | Gable |  |  |
| Topo. Factor, K | 1 |  |  |
| Direct. Factor, Kd | 0.85 |  |  |
| Enclosed? (Y/N) | Y |  |  |
| Hurricane Region? | N |  |  |
| Component Name | Wall |  |  |
| Effective Area, Ae | 27 |  |  |
| Note: Wor | A |  |  |
| Paramete | C |  |  |



Roof Angle, $\theta=5.71$ deg.
Mean Roof Ht., $\mathrm{h}=9.00 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{h}=$ he, for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg}$.)
Wall External Pressure Coefficients, GCp:

| GCp Zone 4 Pos. $=$ | 0.83 | (Fig. 30.3-1, GCp is reduced by $10 \%$ for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg})$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GCp Zone 5 Pos. $=$ | 0.83 | (Fig. 30.3-1, GCp is reduced by $10 \%$ for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg})$. |
| GCp Zone 4 Neg. $=$ |  |  |
| GCp Zone 5 Neg. $=$ | -0.92 | (Fig. 30.3-1, GCp is reduced by $10 \%$ for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg})$. |
| -1.12 | (Fig. 30.3-1, GCp is reduced by $10 \%$ for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg})$. |  |

Positive \& Negative Internal Pressure Coefficients, GCpi (Table 26.13-1):

| + GCpi Coef. $=$ | 0.18 | (positive internal pressure) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -GCpi Coef. $=$ | -0.18 | (negative internal pressure) |

If $z<=15$ then: $K z=2.01^{*}(15 / z g)^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha)$, If $z>15$ then: $K z=2.01^{*}(z / z g)^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha)$ (Table 26.10-1, Footnote 1 )

| $\alpha=$ | 9.50 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{zg}=$ | 900 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| Kh = | 0.85 | $(\mathrm{Kh}=\mathrm{Kz}$ evaluated at $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h})$ |

Velocity Pressure: $q z=0.00256^{*} K z^{*} K z t^{*} K d^{*} V^{\wedge} 2$ (Sect. 26.10.2, Eq. 26.10-1)

$$
\mathrm{qh}=24.43 \mathrm{psf} \quad \mathrm{qh}=0.00256^{\star} \mathrm{Kh}^{\star} K \mathrm{Kt}^{\star} K^{*} \mathrm{~V}^{\star} \mathrm{V}^{\wedge} 2(\mathrm{qz} \text { evaluated at } \mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h})
$$

Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 30.3.2 or 30.5.2):
For $\mathrm{h}<=60 \mathrm{ft}$ : $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{qh}^{*}((\mathrm{GCp})-(+/-\mathrm{GCpi}))$ (psf)
For h > 60 ft : $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q}^{*}(\mathrm{GCp})-\mathrm{qi}^{*}(+/-\mathrm{GCpi})(\mathrm{psf})$
where: $\mathrm{q}=\mathrm{qz}$ for windward walls, $\mathrm{q}=\mathrm{qh}$ for leeward walls and side walls
qi $=$ qh for all walls (conservatively assumed per Sect. 30.5.2)

Wind Load Tabulation for Wall Components \& Cladding

| Component | (ft.) | Kh | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { qh } \\ \text { (psf) } \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{p}=$ Net Design Pressures (psf) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Zone 4 (+) | Zone 4 (-) | Zone 5 (+) | Zone $5(-)$ |
| Wall <br> For $z=h r:$ | 0 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 24.71 | -26.91 | 24.71 | -31.83 |
|  | 10.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 24.71 | -26.91 | 24.71 | -31.83 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { For } z=\text { he: } \\ \text { For } z=h: \end{array}$ | 9.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 24.71 | -26.91 | 24.71 | -31.83 |
|  | 9.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 24.71 | -26.91 | 24.71 | -31.83 |

Notes: 1. (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward \& away from respective surfaces.
2. Width of Zone 5 (end zones), 'a' =
3.00 ft. (Fig. 30.3-1)
3. Per Code Section 30.2.2, the minimum wind load for C\&C shall not be less than 16 psf.
4. References : a. ASCE 7-16, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures".
b. "Guide to the Use of the Wind Load Provisions of ASCE 7-02" by: Kishor C. Mehta and James M. Delahay (2004).

## Wall Components and Cladding:



Wall Zones for Buildings with $\mathrm{h}<=\mathbf{6 0} \mathbf{f t}$.


Wall Zones for Buildings with $\mathrm{h}>60 \mathrm{ft}$.

## WIND LOADING ANALYSIS - Roof Components and Cladding

Per ASCE 7-16 Code for Bldgs. of Any Height with Gable Roof $\theta<=45^{\circ}$ or Monoslope Roof $\theta<=3^{\circ}$ Using Part 1 \& 3: Analytical Procedure (Section 30.3 \& 30.5)

## Input Data:

| Wind Speed, V = | 115 | mph (Wind Map, Figure 26.5-1A-C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bldg. Classification $=$ | II | (Table 1-1 Occupancy Category) |
| Exposure Category = | C | (Sect. 26.7) |
| Ridge Height, $\mathrm{hr}=$ | 10 | $\mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{hr}>=\mathrm{he}$ ) |
| Eave Height, he = | 9 | ft. (he <= hr) |
| Building Width = | 20 | ft. (Normal to Building Ridge) |
| Building Length $=$ | 50.5 | ft. (Parallel to Building Ridge) |
| Roof Type = | Gable | (Gable or Monoslope) |
| Topo. Factor, Kzt = | 1 | (Sect. 26.8.2 \& Figure 26.8-1) |
| Direct. Factor, Kd = | 0.85 | (Table 26.6-1) |
| Enclosed? (Y/N) | Y | (Sect. 26.2) |
| Hurricane Region? | N |  |
| Component Name = | Joist | (Purlin, Joist, Decking, or Fastener) |
| Effective Area, $\mathrm{Ae}=$ | 133.3333 | ft.^2 (Area Tributary to C\&C) |
| Overhangs? (Y/N) | Y | (if used, overhangs on all sides) |



## Resulting Parameters and Coefficients:

Roof Angle, $\theta=5.71$ deg.
Mean Roof Ht., $\mathrm{h}=9.00 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{h}=$ he, for roof angle $<=10 \mathrm{deg}$.)
Roof External Pressure Coefficients, GCp:

| GCp Zone 1-3 Pos. $=$ | 0.20 | (Fig. 30.3-2A) |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| GCp Zone 1 Neg. $=$ | -1.51 | (Fig. 30.3-2A) |
| GCp Zone 2 Neg. $=$ | -1.51 |  |
| (Fig. 30.3-2A) |  |  |

Positive \& Negative Internal Pressure Coefficients, GCpi (Table 26.13-1):

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { +GCpi Coef. }= & 0.18 \\
\text { (GCpi Coef. }= & \text { (positive internal pressure) } \\
-0.18 & \text { (negative internal pressure) }
\end{array}
$$

If $z<=15$ then: $K z=2.01^{*}(15 / \mathrm{zg})^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha)$, If $z>15$ then: $K z=2.01^{*}(z / z g)^{\wedge}(2 / \alpha)$ (Table 26.10-1, Footnote 1)

| $\alpha$ | 9.50 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| zg $=$ | 900 | (Table 26.11-1) |
| Kh = | 0.85 | ( $\mathrm{Kh}=\mathrm{Kz}$ evaluated at $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h}$ ) |

Velocity Pressure: $q z=0.00256^{*} K z^{*} K z t^{*} K d^{*} V^{\wedge} 2$ (Sect. 26.10.2, Eq. 26.10-1)

$$
\mathrm{qh}=24.43 \mathrm{psf} \quad \mathrm{qh}=0.00256^{*} \mathrm{Kh}^{\star} \mathrm{Kzt}^{\star} \mathrm{Kd}^{\star} \mathrm{V}^{\wedge} 2(\mathrm{qz} \text { evaluated at } \mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h})
$$

Design Net External Wind Pressures (Sect. 30.3.2 or 30.5.2):
For $\mathrm{h}<=60 \mathrm{ft}$ : $\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{qh}^{*}((\mathrm{GCp})-(+/-\mathrm{GCpi}))$ (psf)
For h > 60 ft.: p = q* ${ }^{*}(\mathrm{GCp})-\mathrm{qi}^{*}(+/-\mathrm{GCpi})(\mathrm{psf})$
where: $q=q$ for roof
$q i=q h$ for all walls (conservatively assumed per Sect. 30.5.2)

| Component | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{z} \\ (\mathrm{ft} .) \end{gathered}$ | Kh | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{qh} \\ (\mathrm{psf}) \end{gathered}$ | p = Net Design Pressures (psf) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Zone 1,2,3 (+) | Zone 1 (-) | Zone 2 (-) | Zone 3 (-) |
| Joist For $z=h r:$ | 0 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 9.28 | -41.30 | -41.30 | -23.94 |
|  | 10.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 9.28 | -41.30 | -41.30 | -23.94 |
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| For $z=$ he: For $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{h}$ : | 9.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 9.28 | -41.30 | -41.30 | -23.94 |
|  | 9.00 | 0.85 | 24.43 | 9.28 | -41.30 | -41.30 | -23.94 |

Notes: 1. (+) and (-) signs signify wind pressures acting toward \& away from respective surfaces.
2. Width of Zone 2 (edge), 'a' =
3. Width of Zone 3 (corner), 'a' =
3.00 ft .
3.00 ft ft .
4. For monoslope roofs with $\theta<=3$ degrees, use Fig. 30.4-2A for 'GCp' values with 'qh'.
5. For buildings with $h>60$ ' and $\theta>10$ degrees, use Fig. 30.6-1 for 'GCpi' values with 'qh'.
6. For all buildings with overhangs, use Fig. 30.4-2B for 'GCp' values per Sect. 30.10.
7. If a parapet $>=3^{\prime}$ in height is provided around perimeter of roof with $\theta<=10$ degrees, Zone 3 shall be treated as Zone 2.
8. Per Code Section 30.2.2, the minimum wind load for C\&C shall not be less than 16 psf.
9. References : a. ASCE 7-16, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures".
b. "Guide to the Use of the Wind Load Provisions of ASCE 7-02" by: Kishor C. Mehta and James M. Delahay (2004).

## Roof Components and Cladding:



Roof Zones for Buildings with $\mathrm{h}<=60 \mathrm{ft}$.
(for Gable Roofs $<=45^{\circ}$ and Monoslope Roofs $<=3^{\circ}$ )


ROOF PLAN
Roof Zones for Buildings with $\mathrm{h}>60 \mathrm{ft}$.
(for Gable Roofs $<=10^{\circ}$ and Monoslope Roofs $<=3^{\circ}$ )

Distance of applied force above footing "c" $=0.5 \mathrm{H}+0.05 \mathrm{H}=0.55 \times 12 \prime=6.60$ '
Applied Force "P" = (1/Cf1) x Net Area of Fence $\times$ Wind Pressure where Cf1 is the Mesh and Fabric Size Coefficient from Table 9 and the Wind Pressure is the Design Wind Pressure from Table 13.

$$
P \quad=(0.16 \mathrm{sf} / \mathrm{sf})(120 \mathrm{sf})(45.99 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{sf})=883 \mathrm{lbs}
$$

Diameter of footing b $=30^{\prime \prime}=2.50^{\prime}$
Solving for "D"

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left.D \quad=0.5 A^{*}\left\{1+\left[1+\left(4.36^{*} c\right) / A\right)\right]^{1 / 2}\right\} \tag{2009IBCEq.18-1}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\text { where } \quad \begin{aligned}
\mathrm{A} & =2.34 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{S} 1 * \mathrm{~b}=2.34 *(883 \mathrm{lbs}) / 150 \mathrm{psf} * 2.5 \\
& =5.51 \\
& =(0.5)(5.51) *\left\{1+[1+(4.36 * 6.60 / 5.51)]^{1 / 2}\right\} \\
& =9.63^{\prime}
\end{aligned}
$$

This required depth is less than the maximum embedment depth of 12.0 " specified in the 2009 International Building Code and also exceeds the minimum footing depth as set by ASTM F-567 which is 24 " + [ 3 " $\left.\mathrm{X}\left(12^{\prime}-4.0^{\prime}\right)\right]=24 "+24 "=48 "$.

Use a footing depth of 10.00'


#### Abstract

*Assumed allowable soil bearing pressure; actual value should be determined by appropriate means. Allowable lateral soil bearing pressure (S1) is permitted to be increased under specific conditions for embedded depth and application. Such increases should only be applied under the supervision of a professional knowledgeable and familiar with the conditions specific to the site and application.


| TABLE 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mesh and Fabric Size Coefficients (Cf1)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { FABF } \\ \text { WIRE SIZ } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IC } \\ & =\text { (O.D.) } \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 8$ " | 1/2 | 5/8" | 1" | $11 / 4$. | $13 / 4 "$ | 2" | $21 / 4 "$ |
| metric equiv | (mm) => | 9.5 | 12.7 | 15.8 | 25.4 | 31.8 | 44.5 | 50.8 | 57.1 |
| diam. (in) | iam.(mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| .\#5 (0.207) | 5.26 |  |  |  | 2.92 | 3.52 | 4.73 | 5.33 | 5.92 |
| \#6 (0.192) | 4.88 |  |  |  | 3.30 | 3.75 | 5.06 | 5.71 | 6.37 |
| \#8 (0.162) | 4.11 |  |  |  | 3.58 | 4.36 | 5.89 | 6.67 | 7.44 |
| \#9 (0.148) | 3.76 | 1.77 | 2.20 | 2.60 | 3.87 | 4.73 | 6.40 | 7.26 | 8.09 |
| 10 (0.135) | 3.43 | 1.88 | 2.36 | 2.80 | 4.19 | 5.13 | 6.96 | 7.90 | 8.82 |
| 11 (0.120) | 3.0 | 2.06 | 2.60 | 3.10 | 4.65 | 5.71 | 7.77 | 8.83 | 9.86 |
| 12 (0.113) | 2.87 | 2.16 | 2.72 | 3.25 | 4.91 | 6.04 | 8.22 | 9.35 | 10.44 |
| * - (Cf1) =1 for solid panel fence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

26.91 psf / $5.89=4.56 \mathrm{psf} \therefore$ Use 5psf wind load against area of fence All options highlighted in Yellow are OK

## Wind Shear Force Calculations

From 'ASCE 7-16 Wind Loading Analysis':

| LOAD CASE $^{\prime} \mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{a}=3.00 \mathrm{feet}$ | $2 \mathrm{a}=6.00 \mathrm{feet}$ |
| Z1 $=5.52 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z1E $=10.72 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z2 $=-21.25 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z2E $=-30.54 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z3 $=-13.56 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z3E $=-17.53 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z4 $=-11.64 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z4E $=-15.14 \mathrm{psf}$ |


| LOAD CASE 'B' |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{a}=3.00 \mathrm{psf}$ | $2 \mathrm{a}=6.00$ feet |
| $\mathrm{Z1}=-15.39 \mathrm{psf}$ | $\mathrm{Z1E}=-16.12 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z2 $=-21.25 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z2E $=-30.54 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z3 $=-13.44 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z3E $=-17.34 \mathrm{psf}$ |
| Z4 $=-15.39 \mathrm{psf}$ | Z4E $=-16.12 \mathrm{psf}$ |


| $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ FACTORED LOADS |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{r}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{2}+\mathrm{Z}_{3}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{4 . 6} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{rE}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{2 \mathrm{E}}+\mathrm{Z}_{3 \mathrm{E}}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{7 . 8} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{w}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{1}+\mathrm{Z}_{4}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 3} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{wE}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{1 \mathrm{E}}+\mathrm{Z}_{4 \mathrm{E}}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 5} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ FACTORED LOADS |  |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{r}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{2}+\mathrm{Z}_{3}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{4 . 7} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{rE}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{2 \mathrm{E}}+\mathrm{Z}_{3 \mathrm{E}}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{7 . 9} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{w}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{1}+\mathrm{Z}_{4}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |
| $0.6^{*} \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{wE}}=\left(\mathrm{Z}_{1 \mathrm{E}}+\mathrm{Z}_{4 \mathrm{E}}\right)^{*} 0.6=$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |



| Wall Line | Wind <br> Force <br> (psf) | Wall ht (ft) | Parapet <br> (W/ <br> 2.25 <br> mult.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { wall } \\ \text { line } \\ \text { dist. (ft) } \end{gathered}$ | + | Wind <br> Force <br> (psf) | Truss Depth | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Wr} \text {, } \\ \text { We } \\ \text { truss } \\ \text { trib (ft) } \end{gathered}$ | wall line dist (ft) | + | Shear, Upper (\#) | = | Wind <br> Force <br> (kips) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X1-1 | 9.60 | 9 | 6.75 | 50.50 | + | 9.60 | 0 | 1.50 | 50.5 | + | 0.00 | , | 3.09 |
| X2-1 | 9.60 | 9 | 6.75 | 50.50 | + | 9.60 | 0 | 1.50 | 50.5 | + | 0.00 | = | 3.09 |
| Y1-1 | 11.09 | 9 | 6.75 | 39.50 | + | 9.60 | 0 | 1.50 | 39.5 | + | 0.00 | $=$ | 2.75 |

## Seismic Shear Force Calculations

From 'ASCE7-16 Seismic Loading Analysis':


| X1-1 | 42 | 50.5 | 39.5 | +18 | 0 | 0 | + OSB | 12.0 | 9 | 50.50 | $.05 \mathrm{Wp}+$ | 0 | $=$ | $\mathbf{2 . 3 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X2-1 | 42 | 50.5 | $39.5+18$ | 0 | 0 | + OSB | 12.0 | 9 | 50.50 | $.05 \mathrm{Wp}+$ | 0 | $=$ | $\mathbf{2 . 3 5}$ | Wind |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Description: X1-1 Shear Wall

Perforated Shear Wall Calculation Sheet: This spreadsheet is made in conformance to the IBC Chapters 2305-2308 and AFPA's "SDPWS: Lateral Force Resisting Systems".

## Shear Wall Forces

|  | 19.75 |  | Total length of wall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L}=$ | 19.75 | ft | Total length of shear wall |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 10.66 | It | Total length of full height segments |
| $\mathrm{H}=$ | 9.00 | tt | height of shear wall |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}=$ | 0.00 | ft | Maximum opening height |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}=$ | 3091 |  | Total Wind force at top of wall |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{DL} \text { self }}=$ | 108 | plt | Self weight |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\text {DL }}$ above $=$ | 40.80 | plt | Applied dead load |
|  | 7/16 | in | Prefered OSB thickness |
|  | 1/2 | in | Prefered Gyp thickness |
|  | Y | $y / n$ | Wall Connected to Concrete |
|  | Y | $y / n$ | Wall Connected to Truss or Joist |
|  | N | $y / n$ | Wall Connected to Gable / Drag Truss or Rim |


| SHEARWALL <br> SEGMENTS | Aspect <br> Ratio | Adjusted <br> Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.33 | 1.69 | 5.33 |
| 5.33 | 1.69 | 5.33 |
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| Unit Base Shear |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \%_{\text {ofh }}=\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}} / \mathrm{L}= \\ & \%_{o \mathrm{oh}}=\mathrm{H}^{\prime} / \mathrm{H}= \end{aligned}$ | 0.540 | plf | Percent of full height segments Percent of maximum opening height |
|  | 0.000 |  |  |
| SCAF = | 1.00 |  | Shear capacity adjustment factors (NDS SDPWS Table ) |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {base }}=\mathrm{V}_{1} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 290 |  | Unit base shear |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\text {req }}=\mathrm{v}_{\text {base }} /$ SCA | 290 | plf | Effective unit base shear |
| OIM = | 27,815 | lb ft | Overturning moment of total length of wall |
| Shear wall adjustmen |  |  |  |
| RM = | 29,021 | lb ft | Resisting moment of total length of wall |
| $r=$ | 1.0000 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CO}_{\mathrm{O}}=$ | 1.8527 |  |  |
|  | 156 plf |  | Blocking Unit Shear |
|  | 289.92 |  | Force Calculated |

## Shear Transfer to Concrete:

1/2 Anchor Bolts @ 72 "O.C.
(3) Minimum

Holdown

| $\mathrm{T}=\mathbf{9 7 6}$ | lbs | Simpson LSTHD8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | OR: | Simpson DTT2Z |


| Ta | Type |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2145 | Strap |
| 2145 | Holdown |

OSB Wall Sheathing attachment
Provide: 7/16" OSB W/ 8d Nails @ 6" O.C.
OR: 7/16" OSB W/ 1½ 16 Gage Staples @ 3" O.C.


Blocking / Nailing Framing Attachment
"No Blocking Required"

## Description: X2-1 Shear Wall

Perforated Shear Wall Calculation Sheet: This spreadsheet is made in conformance to the IBC Chapters 2305-2308 and AFPA's "SDPWS: Lateral Force Resisting Systems".

|  | 19.75 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L}=$ | 19.75 |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{w}}=$ | 10.32 |
| $\mathrm{H}=$ | 9.00 |
| $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}=$ | 0.00 |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}=$ | 3091 |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\text {DL self }}=$ | 108 |
| $\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{DL} \text { above }}=$ | 40.80 |
|  | 7/16 |
|  | 1/2 |
|  |  |
|  | Y |
|  | N |

Total length of wall
Total length of shear wall
Total length of full height segments
height of shear wall
Maximum opening height
Total Wind force at top of wall
Self weight
Applied dead load
Prefered OSB thickness
Prefered Gyp thickness
Wall Connected to Concrete
Wall Connected to Truss or Joist
Wall Connected to Gable / Drag Truss or Rim

| SHEARWAL <br> $\mathbf{L}$ <br> SEGMENTS | Aspect <br> Ratio | Adjusted <br> Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.16 | 1.74 | 5.16 |
| 5.16 | 1.74 | 5.16 |
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Unit Base Shear


Percent of full height segments
Percent of maximum opening height
Shear capacity adjustment factors (NDS SDPWS Table )
Unit base shear
Effective unit base shear
Overturning moment of total length of wall

## Shear wall adjustment factor



Shear Transfer to Concrete:
1/2 Anchor Bolts @ 72 " O.C.
Holdown
$\mathrm{T}=1008 \mathrm{lbs} \quad$ Simpson LSTHD8
OR: Simpson DTT2Z
(3) Minimum

| Ta | Type |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2145 | Strap |
| 2145 | Holdow |

OSB Wall Sheathing attachment
Provide: 7/16" OSB W/ 8d Nails @ 6" O.C.
OR: 7/16" OSB W/ 1½ 16 Gage Staples @ 3" O.C.


Blocking / Nailing Framing Attachment
"No Blocking Required"

## Description: Y1-1 Shear Wall

Perforated Shear Wall Calculation Sheet: This spreadsheet is made in conformance to the IBC Chapters 2305-2308 and AFPA's "SDPWS: Lateral Force Resisting Systems".

## Shear Wall Forces



Total length of wall
Total length of shear wall
Total length of full height segments
height of shear wall
Maximum opening height
Total Wind force at top of wal
Self weight
Applied dead load
Prefered OSB thickness
Prefered Gyp thickness
Wall Connected to Concrete
Wall Connected to Truss or Joist
Wall Connected to Gable / Drag Truss or Rim

| SHEARWAL <br> $\mathbf{L}$ <br> SEGMENTS | Aspect <br> Ratio | Adjusted <br> Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12.00 | 0.75 | 12.00 |
| 12 | 0.75 | 12.00 |
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Unit Base Shear


Percent of full height segments
Percent of maximum opening height
Shear capacity adjustment factors (NDS SDPWS Table )
Unit base shear
Effective unit base shear
Overturning moment of total length of wall
Shear wall adjustment factor


Resisting moment of total length of wall

Blocking Unit Shear
Force Calculated
Shear Transfer to Concrete:
1/2 Anchor Bolts @ $72^{\text {" O.C. }}$
(3) Minimum
$\mathrm{T}=$ Not Req'd lbs

## OSB Wall Sheathing attachment

Provide: 7/16" OSB W/ 8d Nails @ 6" O.C.

OR: 7/16" OSB W/ 1½ 16 Gage Staples @ 3" O.C.

| Min Shear Wall Segment: 2.57 ft |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{Va}=$ | 336 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Va}=$ | 434 | $\mathbf{W 1}$ |

## Blocking / Nailing Framing Attachment

"Typ. Gable / Drag Truss or Rim Nailing"

## Three Sided Diaphragm Calculations

From NDS Wind \& Seismic 'Special Design Provisions for Wind \& Seismic " Section 4.2.5.2

| Design Criteria |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Diaphragm Length | Diaphragm Width |
| L 19.75 feet | W 50.50 feet |
|  |  |
| Check For Length $<35 '$ | OK |
| Length To Width Ratio | 0.391 |
| Check For <1:1 Length Ratio | OK |


| Forces in R1 \& R2 Due to Rotation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| P Design | $=$ | 2749 \# |
| R1 Due to Rotation | $=$ | 538 \# |
| R1 Due to Transverse Load | $=$ | 3091 |
| Governing Inplane Load R1 | $=$ | $\mathbf{3 0 9 1} \#$ |
| R2 Due to Rotation | $=$ | $538 ~ \#$ |
| R2 Due to Transverse Load | $=$ | $3091 ~ \#$ |
| Governing Inplane Load R2 | $=$ | $\mathbf{3 0 9 1} \#$ |



## Wood Diaphragm Design (2018 NDS \& 2021 SDPWS)



| Load/Panel Case |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| Framing/Panels: | Perpendicular |
| Panels Staggered?: | $Y$ |
| Framing Orient. In | Vertical |
| short direction: |  |
| Blocked?: | N |


$\mathrm{wt}=$
9.60 psf

Roof Pressure $=9.6 \mathrm{psf}$


## Design of Roof Panels for Gravity Loads



|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| Transient Deflection Limit: | $\mathrm{L} / 360$ |
| Total Deflection Limit: | $\mathrm{L} / 180$ |

Sheathing Capacity (OSB):

| Span Rating: | $40 / 20$ |
| ---: | :---: |
| Thickness: | $19 / 32$ |
| Max Load, L/360: | 368 psf |
| Max Load, L/240: | 552 psf |
| Max Load, L/180: | 736 psf |
| Max Load, Bending: | 352 psf |
| Max Load, Shear | 283 psf |
|  |  |

Check Panel Design (OSB):

| Check Panel Design (OSB): |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Allowable |  | Actual |
| Transient Deflection: | 368 psf | > | 100 psf |
| Total Deflection: | 736 psf | $>$ | 117 psf |
| Bending | 405 psf | > | 117 psf |
| Shear | 325 psf | $>$ | 117 psf |
|  |  | OK |  |
| (OSB Capacity Obtained from APA Q225G) |  |  |  |
| Check Edge Support Requirements: |  |  |  |

Table M9.4-1 Panel Edge Support ${ }^{2}$

| Sheathing Span Rating | Maximum Recommended Span (in.) |  | No Edge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { With } \\ \text { Edge Support } \end{gathered}$ | Without Edge Support |  |
| 24/0 | 24 | $19.2{ }^{1}$ |  |
| 24/16 | 24 | 24 |  |
| 32/16 | 32 | 28 | Support |
| 40/20 | 40 | 32 | Required |
| 48/24 | 48 | 36 | Required |

1. 20 in. for $3 / 8$ and $7 / 16$ performance category panels, 24 in . for $15 / 32$ and $1 / 2$ performance category panels.
2. Additional edge support is recommended when panel widths are less than 24 inches. Edge support requirements should be obtained from the manufacturer.

| Project Name: Cascade Public Library <br> Project \#: 2023-14473 <br> Location: Cascade, Idaho | Project ID: Engineering: CRP <br> PERFORMANCE Checker: VAL <br> ENGINEERS $08 / 10 / 2023$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Masonry Slender Wall | )5 beams 2023-14473 Cascade Public Library - Cascade Public Library Add.EC6 |
| LIC\# : KW-06013883, Build:20.23.05.01 | SHAWN REEDER ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 |
| DESCRIPTION: cmu wall |  |

## Code References

Calculations per TMS 402-16, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
Load Combinations Used : IBC 2021

## General Information

Calculations per TMS 402-16, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16

| Construction Type: Grouted Hollow Concrete Masonry |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F'm | = | 1.50 ksi | Nom. Wall Thickness | 8 in | Temp Diff across thickness = | 0.0 deg F |
| Fy - Yield | = | 60.0 ksi | Actual Thickness | 7.625 in | Min Allow Out-of-plane Defl Re= | 0.0 |
| Fr - Rupture | = | 127.0 psi | Rebar "d" distance | 3.8125 in |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Em}=\mathrm{f}^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ * | $=$ | 900.0 | Lower Level Rebar |  | Minimum Vertical Steel \% | 0.0020 |
| Max\% of $\rho$ bal. | = | 0.007135 | Bar Size \# |  |  |  |
| Grout Density | $=$ | 140 pcf | Bar Spacing | 48 in |  |  |
| Block Weight | Normal Weight |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall Weight | = | 47.0 psf |  |  |  |  |
| Wall is gro | reba | cells only |  |  |  |  |

One-Story Wall Dimensions


## Lateral Loads

| Wind Loads : | Seismic Loads : |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Full area WIND load | 26.9 psf | Wall Weight Seismic Load Input Method :Factor applied to wall weight entered |
|  |  | Seismic factor to be applied to wall weight |

$$
\mathrm{Fp}=\text { Wall Wt. * } 0.230=10.810 \mathrm{psf}
$$

Project Title:

| Project Name: Cascade Public Library <br> Project \#: 2023-14473 <br> Location: Cascade, Idaho | $\qquad$ | Engineering: CRP <br> Checker: VAL <br> 08/10/2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Masonry Slender Wall | )5 beams 2023-14473 Cascade Public Library - Cascade Public Library Add.EC6 |  |
| LIC\# : KW-06013883, Build:20.23.05.01 | SHAWN REEDER | (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 |
| DESCRIPTION: cmu wall |  |  |

DESIGN SUMMARY
Results reported for "Strip Width" of 12.0 in

| Governing Load Combination . . |  | Actual Values . . . |  | Allowable Values . . . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PASS | Moment Capacity Check | Maximum Bending Stress Rat0.5883 |  |  |  |
|  | +0.90D+W | Max Mu | -0.4843 k-ft | Phi * Mn | $0.8232 \mathrm{k}-\mathrm{ft}$ |
| PASS | Service Deflection Check W Only | Actual Defl. Ratio L/ Max. Deflection | $\begin{gathered} 8,743 \\ 0.01647 \text { in } \end{gathered}$ | Allowable Defl. Ratio /2 for | $\begin{array}{r} 180.0 \\ \text { Cantilever } \end{array}$ |
| PASS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Axial Load Check } \\ & \quad+1.20 \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ | Max Pu / Ag Location | $\begin{gathered} 8.319 \mathrm{psi} \\ 0.10 \mathrm{ft} \end{gathered}$ | Max. Allow. Defl. $0.2 \text { * f'm }$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.80 \mathrm{in} \\ 300.0 \mathrm{psi} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Reinforcing Limit Check | Actual As/bd | 0.001093 | Max Allow As/bd | 0.007135 |
|  |  | Maximum Reactions <br> Top Horizontal Base Horizontal Vertical Reaction | for Load Com <br> W Only on +D+0.5250 | ination... | 0.1614 k 0.2820 k |



| Project Name: Cascade Public Library <br> Project \#: 2023-14473 <br> Location: Cascade, Idaho |  | Engineering: CRP Checker: VAL 08/10/2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Masonry Slender Wall | )5 beams 2023-14473 Cascade Public Library - Cascade Public Library Add.EC6 |  |
| LIC\# : KW-06013883, Build:20.23.05.01 | SHAWN REEDER | (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 |

DESCRIPTION: cmu wall
E Only
0.1 0.00 k
0.000 k


All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

| Design Results | Actual @ Location | Allowed | Result | LDF | Load: Combination (Pattern) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Member Reaction (lbs) | $3632 @ 19^{\prime} 81 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $3996(3.50 ")$ | Passed (91\%) | 1.15 | $1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~S}$ (Adj Spans) |
| Shear (lbs) | $1709 @ 19^{\prime} 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 2358 | Passed (73\%) | 1.15 | $1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0$ S (Adj Spans) |
| Moment (Ft-lbs) | $-6883 @ 19^{\prime} 81 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10925 | Passed (63\%) | 1.15 | $1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~S}$ (Adj Spans) |
| Live Load Defl. (in) | $0.488 @ 9^{\prime} 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 0.974 | Passed (L/479) | -- | $1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~S}$ (Alt Spans) |
| Total Load Defl. (in) | $0.558 @ 9^{\prime} 1 / 1^{\prime \prime}$ | 1.299 | Passed (L/419) | -- | $1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0$ S (Alt Spans) |

System : Roof
Member Type : Joist Building Use : Residential Building Code : IBC 2018 Design Methodology : ASD Member Pitch : 0/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/240) and TL (L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.

| Supports | Bearing Length |  |  | Loads to Supports (Ibs) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Available | Required | Dead | Snow | Factored | Accessories |
| 1 - Stud wall - DF | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $1.75^{\prime \prime}$ | 175 | 1094 | 1269 | Blocking |
| 2 - Stud wall - DF | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | 525 | 3107 | 3632 | Web Stiffeners |
| 3 - Stud wall - DF | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | 378 | 2392 | 2770 | None |
| 4 - Stud wall - DF | $5.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $1.75^{\prime \prime}$ | 62 | $561 /-16$ | 623 | Blocking |

- Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

| Lateral Bracing | Bracing Intervals | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Top Edge (Lu) | $8^{\prime}$ o/c |  |
| Bottom Edge (Lu) | $6^{\prime} 7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ o/c |  |

$\bullet$-TJI joists are only analyzed using Maximum Allowable bracing solutions.
-Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

| Vertical Load | Location | Spacing | Dead <br> $(0.90)$ | Snow <br> (1.15) | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 - Uniform (PSF) | 0 to $50^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 17.0 | 100.0 | Default Load |

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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by ForteWEB Software Operator

| ForteWEB Software Operator | Job Notes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cameron Price |  |
| Performance Engineers |  |
| (208) 475-0040 |  |
| cprice@ inteframe.com |  |

CALC: H-101

| Wood Type: Dim Lumber |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Species/Grade |  | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
| Width |  | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
|  | Depth | 5.5 |  | \# of Plies: |  |
|  | Span | 2 ft |  |  |  |
| High Moisture? |  | N | Trib: | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 |  | 5.0 ft | \# of 2x Trimmers: |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Snow | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{psf} \\ & \mathrm{psf} \end{aligned}$ | 5.0 ft | 1 |  |
| Wind | 0 |  | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllo | ng Comb: | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total L | Line Load: | 585 |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - | - |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.30 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.25 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1346 psi | 207 psi | 781 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |

## Check Shear:

| $\begin{aligned} & V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5 \\ & f v=3 V / 2 A \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} V= \\ f v= \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 585 \\ 53.18 \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F'v > fv | F'V = | 207 psi | F'v OK | $\begin{gathered} 53.18 \mathrm{ps} \\ (0.26) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Check Bending: |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{\wedge} 2 / 8$ | $\mathrm{M}=$ |  | 292.5 ft -lbs |  |
| $\mathrm{fb}=6 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{bd}^{\wedge} 2$ | $\mathrm{fb}=$ |  | 232.07 psi |  |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}>\mathrm{fb}$ | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}=$ | 1346 psi | F'b OK | $\begin{aligned} & 232.07 \mathrm{ps} \\ & (0.17) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Check Deflection |  |  |  |  |
| $\delta=5 \mathrm{wL} \wedge$ / 384El |  | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | 0.003 in (Total) |  |
|  |  | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | 0.003 | in (Transient) |
| St < L/180 | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | SPAN/ | 7584 | бt OK |
| $\delta \mathrm{L}$ < L/240 | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | SPAN/ | 8873 | бL OK |

## Check Bearing

| $P=V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5$ | $P=$ | 585 lbs |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| fc perp $=P / A$ | fc perp $=$ | 130 psi |

$\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{C}$ perp>fc perp

$$
\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{c} \text { perp }=781 \mathrm{psi} \quad>\quad 130 \mathrm{psi}
$$

F'c perp OK
(0.17)

## Calculations based off 2018 NDS

Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

CALC: H-102

| Wo | ood Type: | Dim Lumbe |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speci | es/Grade | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
|  | Width | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
|  | Depth | 7.25 |  | 8 |  |
|  | Span | 3.25 |  | \# of Plies: |  |
| High | Moisture? | N | Trib: | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 | psf | 15.0 ft |  |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft | \# of 2x Tri | mmers: |
| Snow | 100 | psf | 15.0 ft | 1 |  |
| Wind | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllo | ng Comb: | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total L | ine Load: | 1755 |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - | - |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.20 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.25 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1242 psi | 207 psi | 781 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |
| Check Shear: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{t}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{*} 0.5$ |  | $\mathrm{V}=2851.88 \mathrm{lbs}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{fv}=3 \mathrm{~V} / 2 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $\mathrm{fv}=196.68$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{v}>\mathrm{fv}$ | F'v = | 207 psi | F'v OK | $\begin{aligned} & 196.68 \\ & (0.95) \end{aligned}$ |  |

## Check Bending:

| $\begin{aligned} & M=w^{*} L^{\wedge} 2 / 8 \\ & f b=6 M / b d^{\wedge} 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & M= \\ & \mathrm{fb}= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2317.1 \\ & 1058.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}$ > fb | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}=$ | 1242 psi | F'b OK | $\begin{aligned} & 1058.01 \mathrm{ps} \\ & (0.85) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Check Deflection |  |  |  |  |
| $\delta=5 \mathrm{wL}$ ^4 / 384EI |  | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | 0.029 in (Total) |  |
|  |  | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | 0.025 | in (Transient) |
| St < L/180 | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | SPAN/ | 1349 | ठt OK |
| ठL < L/240 | $\delta L=$ | SPAN/ | 1579 | ठL OK |


| Check Bearing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{t}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{*} 0.5$ | $\mathrm{P}=2851.88 \mathrm{lbs}$ |  |  |
| fc perp $=P / \mathrm{A}$ | fc perp $=633.75$ psi |  |  |
| F'c perp>fc perp |  |  |  |
| F'c perp = | 781 psi | > | 633.75 psi |
|  | F'c | perp OK |  |

Calculations based off 2018 NDS
Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

CALC: H-103

| Wood Type: Dim Lumber |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Species/Grade |  | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
| Width |  | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
| Depth |  | 9.25 | in | 10 |  |
|  | Span | 3.16 |  | \# of Plies: |  |
| High Moisture? |  | $N$ Trib: |  | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 |  | 19.83 ft | \# of 2x Trimmers: |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Snow | 100 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { psf } \\ & \text { psf } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 19.83 ft | 2 |  |
| Wind | 0 |  | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllong Comb: |  | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total Line Load: |  | 2320.11 plf |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - | - |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.10 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.13 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1139 psi | 207 psi | 703 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |

## Check Shear:

| $\begin{aligned} & V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5 \\ & f v=3 V / 2 A \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} V= \\ f v= \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3665.77 \\ 198.15 \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $F^{\prime} v>f v$ | F'V = | 207 psi | F'v OK | $\begin{aligned} & 198.15 \mathrm{ps} \\ & (0.96) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Check Bending: |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{\wedge} 2 / 8$ | $M=$ |  | 2895.96 ft -lbs |  |
| $\mathrm{fb}=6 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{bd}^{\wedge} 2$ | $f b=$ |  | 812.31 psi |  |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}>\mathrm{fb}$ | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}=$ | 1139 psi | F'b OK | $\begin{aligned} & 812.31 \mathrm{ps} \\ & (0.71) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Check Deflection |  |  |  |  |
| $\delta=5 \mathrm{wL}$ ^ $4 / 384 \mathrm{El}$ |  | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | 0.016 in (Total) |  |
|  |  | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | 0.014 | in (Transient) |
| St < L/180 | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | SPAN/ | 2306 | ot OK |
| סL < L/240 | $\delta L=$ | SPAN/ | 2698 | ठL OK |

## Check Bearing

| $P=V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5$ | $P=3665.77 \mathrm{lbs}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| fc perp $=P / A$ | fc perp $=407.308 \mathrm{psi}$ |

$F^{\prime} \mathrm{c}$ perp>fc perp

$$
\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{c} \text { perp }=703 \mathrm{psi} \quad>\quad 407.308 \mathrm{psi}
$$

$$
\text { F'c perp OK } \quad(0.58)
$$

## Calculations based off 2018 NDS

Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

CALC: H-104

| Wood | ood Type: | Dim Lumb |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specie | es/Grade | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
|  | Width | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
|  | Depth | 5.5 |  | 6 |  |
|  | Span |  | ft | \# of Plies: |  |
| High M | Moisture? | N | Trib: | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 | psf | 3.0 ft |  |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft | \# of $2 \times$ Tri | mmers: |
| Snow | 100 | psf | 3.0 ft | 1 |  |
| Wind | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllon | ng Comb: | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total Lin | ine Load: | 351 |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - | - |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.30 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.25 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1346 psi | 207 psi | 781 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |
| Check Shear: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5$ |  | $\mathrm{V}=\quad 351$ |  | lbs |  |
| $\mathrm{fv}=3 \mathrm{~V} / 2 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $\mathrm{fv}=$ | 31.91 psi |  |  |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{v}>\mathrm{fv}$ | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{V}=$ | 207 psi | F'v OK | 31.91 psi |  |
|  |  |  |  | (0.15) |  |

## Check Bending:




Calculations based off 2018 NDS
Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

CALC: H-105

| Wood Type: Dim Lumber |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Species/Grade |  | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
| Width |  | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
| Depth |  | 7.25 |  | 8 |  |
|  | Span | 6 ft |  | \# of Plies: |  |
| High Moisture? |  | N | Trib: | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 | psf | 4.0 ft | \# of 2x Trimmers: |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Snow | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{psf} \\ & \mathrm{psf} \end{aligned}$ | 4.0 ft | 2 |  |
| Wind | 0 |  | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllo | ng Comb: | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total L | Line Load: | 468 |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - | - |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.20 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.13 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1242 psi | 207 psi | 703 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |

## Check Shear:

| $\begin{aligned} & V=w^{*} t^{*} L^{*} 0.5 \\ & f v=3 V / 2 A \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} v= \\ f v= \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1404 \mathrm{lbs} \\ 96.83 \mathrm{psi} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{v}$ > fv | F'V = | 207 psi | F'v OK | $\begin{gathered} 96.83 \mathrm{ps} \\ (0.47) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Check Bending: |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{\wedge} 2 / 8$ | $M=$ |  | 2106 ft -lbs |  |
| $\mathrm{fb}=6 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{bd} \wedge 2$ | $\mathrm{fb}=$ |  | 961.60 psi |  |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}>\mathrm{fb}$ | $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{b}=$ | 1242 psi | F'b OK | $\begin{aligned} & 961.60 \mathrm{ps} \\ & (0.77) \end{aligned}$ |
| Check Deflection |  |  |  |  |
| $\delta=5 \mathrm{wL}$ ^4 / 384EI |  | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | 0.090 | in (Total) |
|  |  | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | 0.077 | in (Transient) |
| St < L/180 | $\delta \mathrm{t}=$ | SPAN/ | 804 | ठt OK |
| $\delta \mathrm{L}<\mathrm{L} / 240$ | $\delta \mathrm{L}=$ | SPAN/ |  | бL OK |

## Check Bearing

| $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{t}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{*} 0.5$ | $\mathrm{P}=$ | 1404 lbs |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| fc perp $=P / A$ | fc perp $=$ | 156 psi |
| F'C perp>fc perp |  |  |

F'c perp>fc perp

$$
\mathrm{F}^{\prime} \mathrm{c} \text { perp }=703 \mathrm{psi} \quad>\quad 156 \mathrm{psi}
$$

F'c perp OK (0.22)

## Calculations based off 2018 NDS

Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

CALC: H-106

|  | ood Type: | Dim Lumb |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speci | es/Grade | DF-L \#2 |  | Nom: |  |
|  | Width | 1.5 |  | 2 |  |
|  | Depth | 9.25 | in | 10 |  |
|  | Span |  | ft | \# of Plies: |  |
| High | Moisture? | N | Trib: | 2 |  |
| Dead | 17 | psf | 4.0 ft |  |  |
| Live | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft | \# of $2 \times$ Tri | mmers: |
| Snow | 100 | psf | 4.0 ft | 1 |  |
| Wind | 0 | psf | 0.0 ft |  |  |
| Controllo | ng Comb: | Snow |  |  |  |
| Total Lis | ine Load: | 468 |  |  |  |
|  | Fb | Fv | Fc perp | E | Emin |
| Reference: | 900 | 180 | 625 | 1600000 | 580000 |
| Cd | 1.15 | 1.15 | - | - |  |
| Cm | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Ct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cf | 1.10 | - | - | - | - |
| Cb | - | - | 1.25 | - | - |
| Adjusted: | 1139 psi | 207 psi | 781 psi | 1600 ksi | 580 ksi |
| Check Shear: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{t}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{*} 0.5$ |  | $\mathrm{V}=1872 \mathrm{lbs}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{fv}=3 \mathrm{~V} / 2 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $\mathrm{fv}=101.19$ |  |  |  |
| F'v > fv | F'v = | 207 psi | > | 101.19 psi |  |

## Check Bending:



## Check Bearing

| $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{w}^{*} \mathrm{t}^{*} \mathrm{~L}^{*} 0.5$ | $\mathrm{P}=$ | 1872 lbs |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| fc perp $=\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{A}$ | fc perp $=$ | 416 psi |

F'c perp>fc perp
F'c perp $=781 \mathrm{psi} \quad>\quad 416 \mathrm{psi}$
F'c perp OK
(0.53)

Calculations based off 2018 NDS
Deflection Criteria based off IBC 1604.3
ASD Design Methodology Used

## Tall Wall Calculations

This spreadsheet is used for designing a stud wall according to the NDS.
Inputs are in ITALICS and outputs are in BOLDFACE.



## Code References

Calculations per IBC 2018 1807.3, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
Load Combinations Used : IBC 2021

## General Information

| Pole Footing Shape | Circular |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pole Footing Diameter | 16.0 in |
| Calculate Min. Depth for Allowable Pressures |  |
| No Lateral Restraint a |  |
| Allow Passive | 250.0 pcf |
| Max Passive | 1,500.0 psf |


| Controlling Values |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governing Load Combinati甲D+0.60W |  |  |  |  |
| Lateral Load | 0.1314 k | Distributed Load | Soil Surface |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Moment } & & 0.3942 \mathrm{k} \text {-ft } \\ & \text { NO Ground Surface Restraint }\end{array}$ |  |  |  | -1 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No lateral restraint |  |
| Actual | 209.526 psf |  |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |
| Allowable | 210.468 psf |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{ }$ |
| Minimum Required Depth | 2.625 ft |  |  |  |  |
| Footing Base Area | $1.396 \mathrm{ft}^{\wedge} 2$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Soil Pressure | 0.1432 ksf |  |  |  |

## Applied Loads

| Lateral Concentrated Load (k) | Lateral Distributed Loads (k |  |  |  | Vertical Load (k) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D : Dead Load 0.0 k |  |  | k/ft |  |  | . 20 k |
| Lr: Roof Live k |  |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| L: Live k |  |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| S:Snow k |  |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| W: Wind k | 0.03650 |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| E : Earthquake k |  |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| H : Lateral Earth k | TOP of Load above ground surface $6.0$ <br> BOTTOM of Load above ground surface <br> 0.0 |  | k/ft |  |  | k |
| Load distance above ground surface $\quad 6.0 \mathrm{ft}$ |  |  | ft ft |  |  |  |
| Load Combination Results |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Forces @ Ground Surface |  | Required | Pressure at $1 / 3$ Depth |  | Soil Increase |
| Load Combination | Loads - (k) | Moments - (ft-k) |  | Actual - (psf) | Allow - (psf) | Factor |
| D Only | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.13 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.000 |
| +D+0.60W | 0.131 | 0.394 | 2.63 | 209.5 | 210.5 | 1.000 |
| +D+0.450W | 0.099 | 0.296 | 2.38 | 186.7 | 188.7 | 1.000 |
| +0.60D+0.60W | 0.131 | 0.394 | 2.63 | 209.5 | 210.5 | 1.000 |
| +0.60D | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.13 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.000 |


| RetainPro (c) 1987-2017, Build 11.17.03.17 License: KW-06059986 License To : Performance Engineers | Restrained Retaining |
| :---: | :---: |
| Criteria |  |
| Retained Height | 3.33 ft |
| Wall height above soil | 0.67 ft |
| Total Wall Height | 4.00 ft |
| Top Support Height | 4.00 ft |
| Slope Behind Wall | 0.00 |
| Height of Soil over Toe | 0.00 in |
| Load Factors |  |
| Building Code | IBC 2015,ACI 318-14,ACI 530-13 |
| Dead Load | 1.200 |
| Live Load | 1.600 |
| Earth, H | 1.600 |
| Wind, W | 1.000 |
| Seismic, E | 1.000 |

## Soil Data

| Allow Soil Bearing |  | = | 1,500.0 psf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equivalent Fluid Pressure Method |  |  |  |
| At-rest Heel Pressure | = |  | 32.0 psf/ft |
|  | = |  |  |
| Passive Pressure | = |  | 250.0 psf/ft |
| Soil Density |  | = | 110.00 pcf |
| Footing\||Soil Frictior |  | = | 0.400 |
| Soil height to ignore for passive pressure |  | $=$ | 12.00 in |

## Surcharge Loads

| Surcharge Over Heel <br> $\ggg$ Used To Resist Sliding \& Overturning | 40.0 psf |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Surcharge Over Toe <br> Used for Sliding \& Overturning | 0.0 psf |

Axial Load Applied to Stem

| Axial Dead Load | $=$ | $1,160.0 \mathrm{lbs}$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Axial Live Load | $=$ | 0.0 lbs |
| Axial Load Eccentricity | $=$ | 0.0 in |


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| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Uniform Lateral Load Applied to Stem |  |

## Adjacent Footing Load

| Adjacent Footing Load | $=$ | 0.0 lbs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Footing Width | $=$ | 0.00 ft |
| Eccentricity | $=$ | 0.00 in |
| Wall to Ftg CL Dist | $=$ | 0.00 ft |
| Footing Type | Line Load |  |
| Base Above/Below Soil |  | 0 |
| $\quad$ |  | 0.0 ft |
| $\quad$ at Back of Wall | $=$ | 0.300 |

## Earth Pressure Seismic Load

| $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{h}}$ Soil Density Multiplier | $=$ | 0.200 g |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Added seismic per unit area | $=$ | 0.0 psf |

Stem Weight Seismic Load

| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}$ Weight Multiplier | $=$ | 0.000 g |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Added seismic per unit area | $=$ | 0.0 psf |



Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS considered in the calculation of Sliding Resistance.

## Concrete Stem Construction

| Thickness $=$ | 6.00 in |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wall Weight | $=75.0 \mathrm{psf}$ |

Fy $=\quad 60,000 \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{f}^{\prime}=\quad 2,500 \mathrm{psi}$

Stem is FIXED to top of footing

|  |  | @ Top Support | Mmax Between Top \& Base | @ Base of Wall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Stem OK | Stem OK | Stem OK |
| Design Height Above Ftg | = | 4.00 ft | 2.18 ft | 0.00 ft |
| Rebar Size | = | \# 4 | \# 4 | \# 4 |
| Rebar Spacing | = | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| Rebar Placed at | = | Center | Center | Center |
| Rebar Depth 'd' | = | 3.00 in | 3.00 in | 3.00 in |
| Design Data |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{fb} / \mathrm{FB}+\mathrm{fa} / \mathrm{Fa}$ | = | 0.000 | 0.048 | 0.110 |
| Mu....Actual | = | $0.0 \mathrm{ft-} \mathrm{\#}$ | $81.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{\#}$ | $188.4 \mathrm{ft-} \mathrm{\#}$ |
| Mn * Phi.....Allowable | = | 1,705.6 ft-\# | 1,705.6 ft-\# | 1,705.6 ft-\# |
| Shear Force @ this height | = | 69.8 lbs |  | 289.5 lbs |
| Shear.....Actual | = | 1.94 psi |  | 8.04 psi |
| Shear.....Allowable | = | 75.00 psi |  | 75.00 psi |

## Other Acceptable Sizes \& Spacings:



## Footing Strengths \& Dimensions

| Toe Width | $=$ | 0.42 ft |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Heel Width | $=$ | 0.92 |
| Total Footing Width | $=$ | 1.34 |
| Footing Thickness | $=$ | 8.00 in |
| Key Width | $=$ | 0.00 in |
| Key Depth | $=$ | 0.00 in |
| Key Distance from Toe | $=$ | 0.00 ft |
| f'c | $=$ | $2,500 \mathrm{psi}$ |
| Fy | $=$ | $60,000 \mathrm{psi}$ |
| Footing Concrete Density | $=$ | 150.00 pcf |
| Min. As \% | $=$ | $0.0018 \mathrm{ftm}=1.75 \mathrm{in}$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Footing Design Results |  |  |  |
|  |  | Toe | Heel |
| Factored Pressure | = | 1,741 | 1,419 psf |
| Mu' : Upward | = | 151 | $128 \mathrm{ft}-\#$ |
| Mu' : Downward | = | 11 | $55 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{\#}$ |
| Mu: Design | = | 140 | -73 ft-\# |
| Actual 1-Way Shear | = | 0.10 | 5.15 psi |
| Allow 1-Way Shear | = | 75.00 | 75.00 psi |
| Min footing T\&S reinf Area | 0.23 in2 |  |  |
| Min footing T\&S reinf Area per fo | 0.17 in2 /ft |  |  |
| If one layer of horizontal bars: | If two \#4 \#5 \#6 | layers of <br> (2 13.89 in <br> 21.53 in <br> @ 30.56 in |  |

Summary of Forces on Footing : Slab is NOT providing sliding restraint, stem is FIXED at footing

| Forces acting on footing for sliding \& soil pressure. Sliding Forces |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stem Shear @ Top of |  | -181.5 |
| Heel Active Pressure | = | -85.9 |
| Sliding Force | = | 267.4 |

Net Moment Used For Soil Pressure Calculations
40.0 ft-\#

## Load \& Moment Summary For Footing : For Soil Pressure Calcs

| Moment @ Top of Footing Applied from Stem |  | $=$ |  |  |  | -118.5 ft-\# |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Surcharge Over Heel |  | 16.8 |  | 1.13 |  | 19.0 |  |
| Adjacent Footing Load | $=$ |  | lbs |  | ft |  | $\mathrm{ft}-\#$ |
| Axial Dead Load on Stem | $=$ | 1,160.0 | lbs | 0.67 | ft | 777.2 | ft-\# |
| Soil Over Toe | = |  | lbs |  | ft |  | $\mathrm{ft}-\#$ |
| Surcharge Over Toe | $=$ |  | lbs |  | ft |  | ft-\# |
| Stem Weight | $=$ | 299.8 | lbs | 0.67 | ft | 200.8 | ft -\# |
| Soil Over Heel | $=$ | 153.8 | lbs | 1.13 | ft | 173.8 | $\mathrm{ft}-\#$ |
| Footing Weight | $=$ | 134.0 | lbs | 0.67 | ft | 89.8 | ft -\# |
| Total Vertical Force | 三 | 1,764.4 | lbs | Base M | Moment | 1,142.1 | $\mathrm{ft}-\#$ |

[^0]

| Project Name: Cascade Public Library <br> Project \#: 2023-14473 <br> Location: Cascade, Idaho | PERFORMANCE | Engineering: CRP Checker: VAL 08/10/2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wall Footing |  |  |
| Lic. \#: KW-06007473 |  | SHAWN REEDER |

DESCRIPTION: 16"x8" Ext Footing



Footing Has NO Overturning
Sliding Stability
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllllll}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Force Application Axis } \\ \text { Load Combination... }\end{array} & & \text { Sliding Force }\end{array}\right]$


Calculations per ACI 318-14, IBC 2018, CBC 2019, ASCE 7-16
Load Combinations Used : IBC 2018

## General Information




## Applied Loads





[^0]:    Vertical component of active lateral soil pressure IS considered in the calculation of soil bearing pressures.

